How to Ask for Letters of Recommendation

Ask someone who knows you well and who will be able to discuss in specific detail what distinguishes you.

Ask well in advance of the deadline. Three to four weeks may be adequate, but it is often helpful to consult with the recommender to see how much lead-time is needed. This is especially true for letters for major fellowships and for letters to be written over the summer.

Ask: “Do you feel you know me (or my academic record, my leadership qualities, etc.) well enough to write a strong letter of recommendation for the X scholarship or graduate program?” You have now given the professor the opportunity to decline gracefully. If the answer is “no,” don’t push. This inquiry may be done via email – if you already have an established relationship with the potential recommender.

Schedule an appointment with your recommenders to discuss the scholarship/graduate program, its selection criteria, your most recent and commendable activities, and to suggest what each recommender might emphasize. You may want to let your recommenders know who your other recommenders are, so that they can write letters that complement, rather than repeat, one another.

Bring to this meeting:

- A current resume or a list of your activities and honors. Be sure to include internships or work/research experience, community service, conference papers/presentations and other creative or leadership experiences. Your resume can be longer than one page.

- A copy of your personal statement, project proposal, and/or course of study proposal, or other descriptive information from the application (information about career plans, foreign travel experience, or non-academic interests is sometimes requested). If you have not yet completed these materials, provide an informal version in the form of a one to two page statement.

- Any pertinent reminders about the work you have done for this professor that will help you highlight what makes you a strong candidate; past papers or exams are especially helpful.

- A copy of your transcript if applying for a nationally competitive fellowship. This can be an unofficial copy and is to give your recommender an overview of your academic program to date as well as your grades. If your grades are not what you think they should be, be ready to identify any extenuating circumstances (e.g. family or other responsibilities, number or level of courses taken, etc.).

- The official description of the criteria and the deadline by which the letter is due.

- Any cover sheets or official recommendation forms that should accompany the letter. Be sure to complete any section that pertains to you: name, address to which the letter should be sent, etc. Each scholarship or graduate program is different. For example, follow the LSAC process if you are applying to law school. If you have questions about waiving your right to access under the Family Rights and Privacy Act, please discuss it with a counselor in the Career Center.

- A stamped envelope addressed to each graduate or professional school if letters need to be mailed.